

OH! WHAT
A SCHEME!!

A Nine Million Dollar Deal in the New Bonds at the Start.

READ! EVERYBODY READ!
Democrats Cry "Lay On McDuff," While a
Republican Blusters and Roasts the Ad-
ministration—The Gold-Bond Resolution
Overwhelmingly Defeated

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The gold bond resolution was overwhelmingly defeated to-day. The majority against it was 44, or 18 more than the recorded vote against the administration bill last week.

The President was savagely criticised and vehemently denounced. Democrats vociferously applauded Republican denunciation. They gathered around Mr. Hopkins, of Illinois, and shouted "Play on McBuff." Inspired by Democratic approval he blistered and roasted the administration, ridiculed and bully-ragged it until his step-

The point of attack was the indefensible policy of secrecy in negotiating the \$62,000,000 loan. The contract was given to the press late last night under coercion. It was feared that Congress would adopt a resolution today cancelling the contract if it was made public. It proves to be worse

It was known that Secretary Carlisle had sold thirty year 4 per cent. bonds at 1.04 1-2, when ten year bonds of the same rate of interest are selling at 110 3-4. By parity of value thirty year bonds should sell at 119 1-2. Here is a profit in the sure appreciation of these

ond, letter for letter, security for security, obligation for obligation, has been sold by a Republican administration at 2½ per cent. By comparison with outstanding 4 per cents under the present credit of the government, the Syndicate is booked to make in marketing this issue \$3,200,000.

This vast profit and these enormous losses are not all. The gold is to be delivered over the next six months, not over 300,000 ounces, about \$500,000 to be called in any one month. This ex-

ends the transaction over the next six months. Practically it gives the London Jew syndicate the credit of the United States at ten per cent to the amount of \$65,000,000 or six months to come, with which to manipulate the gold market of the world, and secure for themselves all the profits of their manipulation. This

The Southern fast mail got through by a squeeze today. Senator Chandler said it ought to be established as a permanent institution. The South needed it. "Until recently that section," he

darkness, but there is a big streak of day light in North Carolina, and the clouds are rolling by in other Southern States."

Senator Ransom was disturbed, but the vote was too close to risk a protest. But a moment later he was annihilated by Senator Perkins declaring

appropriation had thoroughly converted him that it was wrong and indefensible. Intending to vote for it, he now felt compelled to vote against it. The vote was 27 to 33.

J. B. H.

SETTLE'S SEAT.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The House committee on election has decided to call up the contest for the seat held by Mr. Settle, the only Republican member from North Carolina, next Tuesday. The Democratic contest

Mr. Williams, has made several efforts to have the case brought up; but several Democratic members of the committee have supported Mr. Little's title. If the Republican member is unseated he will be without a Congressional salary but a few days, as he is re-elected to the

Next Congress. Mr. Woodward, Democrat of North Carolina will lead the opposition to Mr. Settle.

WILL HE RETURN?

Contractor Who is Said to Have Forged \$900,000 Coming Back.

that contractor David Paige, who left the United States a few years ago to escape the consequences of having forged John Huntington's name for over \$900,000, and who is now in South America, intends to return home. Paige's friends have

**THE STRIKERS GIVE UP,
and Are Applying for Their Old Positions
by the Hundreds.**

gent Lewis, of the Brooklyn Heights railroad, said today that about two hundred of the strikers called on him today and asked to be taken back. He said he would take them back as fast as he could make places for them, which would be in a short time. He put several of them to work this morning.

venue railroad, said that about fifteen or twenty old men applied for work today, but he had not put them to work.

Fire at Greensboro.
GREENSBORO, N. C., Feb. 14.—The residence of O. E. Monroe was almost totally destroyed by fire to-night at

The fire was discovered before the volunteer fire company responded, as most of them were at the opera house witnessing the "Fireman's Heart," played by home talent.

Nominations by the President.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The President has sent to the Senate the following nominations:

ons to be assistant naval constructors: Washington L. Capps, of Virginia; John G. Lawrence, of Delaware; R. P. Hobson, of Alabama; Thomas F. Ruhm, of Tennessee, and Homer L. Ferguson, of North Carolina.

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Denunciation preceded defeat. The sentiment was surgically criticized and recently denounced. Democratic supporters applauded Republican denunciation. They gathered around Hopkins, of Illinois, and shouted "McBuff." Inspired by Democratic approval, he blistered the administration, ridiculed the resolution and, finally, ragged it until his steel-pointed shoe was lost in Democratic hands.

The point of attack was the administration's policy of secrecy in negoti-

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mon losses in yearly interest, directly, \$18,000,000; and if the money were sold over the next six months, the loss is nearer \$25,000,000. The vast profit and these enormous losses are not all. The gold is to be delivered over the next six months, not over the next one month. This extends the transaction over the next six months. It is the London Jew syndicate edit of the United States at least to the amount of \$65,000,000 in months to come, with which to manipulate the gold market and make and secure for themselves all profits of their manipulation. This monstrous Democratic condition confronts the people of the United States. It is a certainty may suggest another Southern fact. The mail got through the Southern States.

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For Ransom was disturbed, but was too close to risk a protest. A moment later he was aided by Senator Perkins declaring Ransom's speech in favor of the constitution had thoroughly convinced him that it was wrong and inadvisable. Intending to vote for it, he felt compelled to vote against it. The vote was 27 to 33.

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SETTLE'S SEAT.

Committee Will Call up the Contest
led by Mr. Williams next Week.

INSTRON, Feb. 13.—The house has on election day decided to the contest for the seat held Settle, the only Republican from North Carolina, next May. The Democratic contest. Mr. Williams, has made several attempts to have the house brought up for a general election. The committee have supported Mr. Williams' title. If the Republican is unelected he will be without Congressional salary but a year, as he is re-elected to the Congress. Mr. Woodward, Democrat of North Carolina will lead opposition to Mr. Settle.

YORK, Feb. 14.—It is reported that contractor David Paige, who United States a few years ago escaped the consequences of the forged note of John D. Hunter's for over \$900,000, and who is in South America, intends to re-home. Paige's friends have up nearly all the forged paper leaving only about \$35,000 is held by several banks.

THE STRIKERS GIVE UP,
— Applying for Their Old Positions by the Hundreds.

KELLY, N. Y., Feb. 14.—President, of the Brooklyn Heights I said today that about two of the strikers called on him and asked to be taken back. He

Fire at Greensboro.—GREENSBORO, N. C., Feb. 14.—The city of O. E. Monroe was almost destroyed by fire to-night at 9 o'clock. It was over 100 years old. It was discovered before the volfire company responded, as most were at the opera house with the "Fireman's Heart," played a talent.

Nominations by the President.—WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—President Taft has today announced his nominations to the Senate the following nominees to assist naval constructors: James H. ...

cribe to THE DAILY CAUCA-
On trial two months \$1.00.

THE CAUCASIAN.

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MARION BUTLER, Editor & Prop.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
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MINORITY REPRESENTATION.

We are sure that the great majority, in this General Assembly, want to do what is right and best for all people and parties concerning this county government matter. If they knew what was fair and just to all parties, we believe they would be glad to do it.

We know that the talk about party success, which some members of the caucus indulge, seems to be at variance with the opinion expressed above. But this variance is seeming, not real. The representatives of the people—the great body of them—want to do right. Now let us see what is right.

Let us take a county with a voting population of 5,000. There are 2,600 Democratic voters, there are 1,000 Republican voters. Under the plan of each man voting once for each county commissioner, the Democrats would elect all five of the commissioners. For they have the majority of the voters and the Republicans and Populists have no representation on the board at all.

Under the cumulative plan, it would be impossible for the Democrats to elect more than two men. The Republicans would elect two, and the Populists would elect one. Each party would be represented on the Board. Of this result, in the case given, there would be no doubt at all. The only question remaining is the question of right.

Is it right that minority parties should be represented in the legislative body of each county? It is certainly right, if it is right that minority parties should be represented in the State legislature. It is certainly right, if it is right that such minority parties should be represented in the Congress of the United States. We never heard that the same principle should be represented in the State and national legislatures was questioned by any one in this country. Then how can any one question the right of minorities to representation on these boards of county commissioners.

We conclude that the members of minority parties, who pay their taxes, work the roads, serve on juries, and bear the burdens of citizenship, are entitled, in the very nature of the case, to be heard and consulted, when it comes to spending their contributions to the public funds of the county.

The Co-operationists went into the last campaign and promised the people that, if put into power, they would give them a fair and impartial system of county government.

Shall this pledge be redeemed? Shall we turn the people over to be dominated by the tyranny of mere majorities? Or shall we give them a system that is impartial, and religiously so? We cannot give them an impartial system of county government, if we do not give them a system that will insure minority representation.

It would be easy to sweep away the old system, and replace it with another, that would give minorities no showing at all. But that is not what we promised to do. "Except your righteousness shall exceed the righteousness of the Scribes and Pharisees &c."

THE MINORITY.

It cannot be that there is any considerable part of any party in the present General Assembly, that is opposed to the principle of minority representation. We take it for granted that every body recognizes this as one of the essential principles of freedom. The objection therefore, to the bill, now before the joint caucus, must be leveled at the proposed method of embodying the principle. Such objection may be legitimate. For a sound and safe principle may be so bunglingly embodied in a statute as to render it nugatory. If the objection is not leveled at the principle of minority representation, but at the manner of its embodiment in the bill, why do not the opposition to it propose some better manner of applying the principle. The burden of doing this is upon the opposition. Let that opposition come forward with a plan to more perfectly embody and apply the principle of minority representation in the government of our county affairs; and if we find it to be as good, or better, than the plan proposed in the bill, THE CAUCASIAN will take great pleasure in giving such bill its hearty support.

We are not sticklers for any mere method. What we want—that the people want—is a system of county government that will give minorities such protection in the administration of county affairs as is just and fair. It cannot be that any patriotic man, either in or out of the legisla-

ture, wants a county government system that will give simple political advantage to this or that party. The only party advantage, that is worth a fig, is the advantage that comes from being true to the essential principles of fair, free government. THE CAUCASIAN is in this movement to restore to our State and county governments all the blessing that can come from the restoration to our system of home policy of the principles of free government, which have been trampled upon and outraged for years; and it wants no political advantages that do not arise out of such restoration. If those who oppose the bill, now in the caucus, can show us a better way, let it be shown; and we pledge ourselves to stand by it until it shall become the possession of the people, by being enacted into law.

DO NOT PASS IT. Why, the bill, now before the legislature, to loan ten thousand dollars to the Ladies' Confederate Monument Association. Why would you not make this loan?

We would not make this loan for several reasons, as follows: If our people want to build a monument to commemorate the virtues and valor of the Confederate dead, let them do so out of their own private means. These people have no right to expect the State of North Carolina to draw upon its slender resources to build monuments to the dead soldiers of the dead Confederacy.

It is not at all certain that any monuments ought to be built on either side to perpetuate the memories of our unnatural civil war. The sooner the rancors and hates of that unhappy struggle are forgotten by both North and South, the better it will be for the whole country. There has not been one of these monuments inaugurated, either North or South, that has not been the occasion of stirring up sectional bitterness that would better be left to quietly perish.

We take it, that the Ladies' Confederate Monument Association can give no guarantees that the money they are seeking to borrow would ever be returned to the treasury. If the money should be loaned to them, the matter would probably be allowed to run on for some years; and when an appeal would be made to surrender its claim in behalf of a patriotic and benevolent association of ladies.

We make no doubt the ladies of the Association are making application for this loan in perfectly good faith, intending to return it to the treasury of the State in due time. But when this money shall have gone into the monument, and it shall have been completed, they will find that the enthusiasm they depend upon to enable them to raise money will have leaked out.

If the association is not able to complete the monument, it should not have begun it. People have no right to begin mere sentimental works of this nature, and when they find that their sentimentality has overgone their means, apply to the State to help them out.

Then again, all the money the State has, or can get its hands upon, is wanted for other and more necessary things. There is, we are told, a deficiency in the treasury now of some \$69,000.

THE CAUCASIAN is in favor of covering the special tax fund, from which this loan is sought to be obtained, into the common school fund. It is infinitely more important to educate living children than it is to build monuments to their dead grand fathers.

Now, lest some one should say we are opposed to honoring our Confederate dead, we will say, that the writer hereof was a Confederate soldier; and knows the valor and worth of his fallen comrades. They were too full of worth to desire anybody to borrow money from anybody to build monuments to them.

HELP THE COMMON SCHOOLS.

This legislature is looked to by large the common schools, by increasing the fund.

The increase may be made, in part, by a tax upon insurance companies doing business in this State. This State is full of insurance companies and their agents, and these are taking thousands upon thousands of dollars out of the State. Let them pay for their privileges.

Then the tax might be increased to eighteen cents. It is now sixteen cents, we believe. To increase it to eighteen cents would very greatly help the school fund.

Then after these and other things are done to increase this fund, let it be provided that the people may vote on the question of increasing the taxes for school purposes.

It is certain that it will not do for this legislature to go back to the people without giving them more and better common schools.

THE INTEREST HILL PASSED.

We are happy to inform the public that the bill to reduce the rate of interest in this State to six per cent, passed the House of Commons yesterday. The vote in detail will be found in our report of the legislative proceedings this morning.

Now let us have a good county government bill—one that will be fair to all, and protect minorities against the overbearing disposition of majorities. Let us have it soon if you please.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

(Continued from 4th page.)

HOT AMONG LAW-MAKERS.

Mitchell County Feature to Its Former Land Tax to the Public School Gets Through the House.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1895—36TH DAY.

The senate was called to order at 11 o'clock a. m. by Lieut. Governor R. A. Doughton.

Prayer was offered by Senator Ammons of Madison county.

MORNING HOUR.

Petitions were presented, read and appropriately referred:

387. Abbot, to amend chapter 18 of the Code, to require officers and directors of corporations created by the legislature, to be sworn to the Constitution.

388. Harris, to require officers and directors of corporations created by the legislature, to be sworn to the Constitution.

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THE CAUCASIAN

WAKE COUNTY, N. C., FEB. 21, 1895

WAKE COUNTY.

LOOK AT THE LABEL.

On your paper. Do not look for the "blue cross" any more. We have put our list in mailing type. Your name is on a printed label with the date when your subscription expires. Be sure to send your renewal (if you want the paper another year) at least a week before your subscription expires.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

We wish to request our readers when writing to any of the above companies to say that you saw the advertisement in THE CAUCASIAN.

Let every friend of good government get up a club for THE CAUCASIAN.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the General Assembly to amend the charter of the Atlantic and North Carolina railroad.

PEARSON VS. TOL. 1895.

The contested election case entitled Pearson vs. Tol. 1895, was heard by the Supreme Court yesterday afternoon. Hon. Spier Whitaker represented Mr. Pearson and Messrs. Burton, Busbee and Woodward Mr. Tol. The case was heard by the Supreme Court yesterday afternoon.

Death of Mrs. J. N. McKary.

Yesterday morning at 3:30 o'clock at her residence in Brooklyn after a lingering illness, Mrs. James McKary, passed into the sleep of death. Mrs. McKary was 39 years of age, and leaves a husband, three brothers, two sisters and six children. She was a member of the M. E. Church, and a devoted Christian.

Moving For a Cigar Factory.

A movement which is on foot in Raleigh, and which is meeting with substantial encouragement, is the establishment of a cigar factory. Some energetic and responsible young gentlemen are pushing the matter forward. The position is to start with a \$10,000 capital, though there would be no hesitancy in starting with less. The amount in sight is about \$4,000. An examination of the proposed business shows that it is one richly worth a business investigation, and it easily and readily commends itself to any one looking for the good investment of a moderate amount.

Mrs. C. E. Longue Dead.

At 5:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon, after a short, though severe illness, Mrs. Caroline E. Longue, one of the best known and most loved of the elderly women of the community, passed away. At the time of her death she had passed the four score mark by two years and three months. Mrs. Longue was the twin sister of Mrs. C. R. Holloman of this city, and who resides on East Hargett street, and the mother of Mrs. N. B. Brough and Augustus Longue of this city, and Mr. W. H. Burroughs, of Nelson, N. C. George E. Longue, of Durham, C. S. Longue, of Philadelphia, and the late popular treasurer of the county, L. O. Longue, were her children. She was a devoted member of the Baptist church and her seventy-fifth birthday was celebrated on the 10th inst. She was a devoted member of the Baptist church and her seventy-fifth birthday was celebrated on the 10th inst.

HEADACHE, Indigestion, Biliouneess, DYSPEPSIA, and all Stomach Troubles.

Cured by P. P. P.

Cigar Makers Strike.

FERNANDINA, Fla., Feb. 18.—The situation in the cigar makers' strike is not so gloomy as it was some time ago. The cigar makers are now working on a small scale, and the situation is not so gloomy as it was some time ago.

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SIX MILLIONS FOR SUGAR.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The House of Representatives today passed a bill appropriating six millions for the sugar bounty.

Proceedings of the Legislature.

(Continued from page 1.)

HURRYING UP LEGISLATION.

Mr. Moore's Philanthropic Resolution—

Which is in Keeping With Some Other Democratic Propositions. Election Law.

Special Order For Tuesday at 12 O'clock.

SENATE.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16TH—27TH DAY.

The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock a. m. by Lieut.-Gov. R. A. Broughton.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Levi Broughton.

The Journal of Friday was partially read, and on motion of Mr. Fortune, further reading was dispensed with.

There were submitted by Senators White, of Alexander, Marshall, Frank, Sigmon, Paddison, Rice, Black, Herbert, Wagon, Sharp, Farthing, Hurley, Williams, Adams, Cook, Norris and Westmoreland on sundry bills which took their places on the calendar.

COMMITTEE ON ENROLLED BILLS.

Through Mr. Bellamy, reported sundry bills properly enrolled and signed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, which were duly ratified by the signature of the President of the Senate.

COMMITTEE ON ENGROSSED BILLS.

Through Mr. Black, reported as properly engrossed various senate bills, which were transmitted to the House of Representatives for concurrence by that body.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Were granted the following Senators: Wicker and Green.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Transmitting certain bills and resolutions asking concurrence of the Senate thereon, and they were referred to appropriate committees, or took their place on the calendar.

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The standing committees reported through Messrs. Messers, Linbach and Nelson reported for committee on agriculture; Alexander of Tyrrell, for committee on fish interests; King for committee on claims; Wilson for committee on corporations; Robinson and Smith of Stanley for committee on education; Buchanan for committee on engrossed bills; McFarlane, Winborne, Robinson, Baker and Munroe for judiciary committee; Campbell for committee on counties, cities, towns and townships; and the several bills reported by them were placed upon the calendar.

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Some objection was raised to this bill by reason of private letters written to Mr. Lusk by his constituents, and it was ordered that the bill be read by its title the second time, and it was ordered.

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Mr. Rice moved that the bill be upon the table. The motion took effect, and it was ordered.

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Proceedings of the Legislature.

(Continued from last page)

being at the disposal of the presiding officer, bills and resolutions were disposed of as follows:

A House bill, as a substitute for a Senate bill, to amend chapter 250, laws of 1891, concerning suits for damages against railroad companies, making the railroad responsible for double the amount of damages sustained for neglect in shipping freight, and to pay all costs of suit and reasonable attorney fees for complainant. Mr. Paddison moved that the Senate do not concur in the House substitute. Mr. Fowler opposed the substitute. He said it was a substitute and not in any way to the interests of the small shippers of North Carolina; gotten up by the attorneys for the railroads. He would demand the eyes and ears of Mr. Herbert favored the substitute and thought it was equal, equitable and fair. He was not afraid to go on record at any time by his vote. This Senate. He had never dodged a vote and never would.

Mr. Starbuck thought the substitute was monstrous. He thought even a railroad corporation had some rights at the hands of this General Assembly. He was opposed to the substitute as unjust and unfair to the railroads.

Mr. Candler favored the substitute and thought it would suit his constituents. He thought it was a fair and just thing to do. He did not feel going on record by any vote he gave in this Senate.

Mr. Paddison said the substitute would be absolutely impracticable and amounts to no legislation at all, and for that reason he had made his motion to concur in the House bill. The Senate bill would have met the wants of the people which contained all necessary safeguards and was fully discussed and was understood. He insisted on his motion to not concur in the House substitute.

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772, Hoffman, to amend section 215 of the Code of N. C. concerning State hospital; judiciary.

773, Duffy, to amend chapter 248, laws of 1891, concerning suits for damages against railroad companies, making the railroad responsible for double the amount of damages sustained for neglect in shipping freight, and to pay all costs of suit and reasonable attorney fees for complainant.

774, Vickers, to promote breeding of horses in North Carolina; agriculture.

775, Gentry, to require clerks of Superior courts, sheriffs and Registers of Deeds to file in their offices a copy of the laws of this State; judiciary.

776, Harris, to require executors to give bonds; judiciary.

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"Mother's Friend"

Makes CHILD BIRTH Easy. COLVIN, L.A., Dec. 2, 1886. My wife used "MOTHER'S FRIEND" before her third confinement, and says she would not be without it for hundreds of dollars.—DOCK MILLS.

Sent by express or mail, on receipt of price \$1.00 per bottle. Book "10 Mothers' Friend" mailed free. Sold by all druggists.

HEADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

THE DAILY CAUCASIAN.

The only Populist Daily in the Carolinas; the only Populist Daily in the South that takes the Press dispatches.

Will stand for economy and reform in all branches of the public service. It believes in the great masses of the plain working people more than it believes in any other class; and it will do all in its power to teach them what their rights are and how to secure them.

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THE BREATH OF THE STORM KING.

The Weather Record Broken All Over the Sunny South—People Perishing.

FOUND LOCKED IN DEATH.

A Little Brother's Coat Around His Sister. In Noble Effort to Protect Her From the Cold, Faintly Perishing on the Stage, He Died.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 15.—There is no storm in the memory of the present generation as severe as the one prevailing throughout the South. Atlanta has had snow since early morning, and five inches of fresh snow now covers the ground.

At Quittman the first snow that has fallen since 1876 covers the ground. At Buchanan the snow and sleet has stopped all saw mills, coal and other public works of the country. Farmers are behind with their work and everything at a standstill.

In Telfair county the heaviest snow ever known in this section fell last night to the depth of three inches and turned into a fine sleet this morning. Cattle on the range are dying from the effects of the protracted cold weather.

At Augusta two children, one white, aged six months, and one colored, aged nine months, died last night from exposure to the cold.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 15.—There was about six inches of snow still lying on the ground this morning when another snow storm came up. It has been raining, sleeting or snowing all day. To-night a steady fall of sleet is being kept up, and the prospects are that the ground will be covered to a depth of more than a foot by morning.

PARSONS, W. Va., Feb. 15.—Word has reached here that two school children, brother and sister, aged 10 and 12 years, were frozen to death in Clover county. They were found locked in each other's arms, and the brother had wrapped his sister in his coat.

DANVILLE, Va., Feb. 15.—At midnight one of the heaviest snow storms of the winter is prevailing. In an hour or two it had fallen to a depth of two inches, and it continues at the same rate throughout the night it bids fair to be the heaviest snow fall in years.

JACKSON, Fla., Feb. 15.—Two inches of snow covered the ground this morning and has not yet melted.

FERDINAND, Fla., Feb. 15.—A flurry of snow fell this morning.

THE ATLANTIC COAST LINE. Becomes the Owner of the Charleston, Sumter and Northern Railroad.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 15.—Special Master James E. Hagood today sold at public auction all the property of the Charleston, Sumter and Northern Railroad. It was knocked down to President W. E. Elliott, of the Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta railroad for \$400,000.

The Atlantic Coast Line system is the real owner. The road went into the hands of a receiver in 1890, and probably would have remained in that condition for some time to come had not the Atlantic Coast Line quietly secured a control of the property.

One of the leading officials of the system, stated to-day that the road would be used merely as a feeder to the Coast Line, and that there was no intention on the part of the purchasers to convert it into a shorter route to the South and Southwest, and to side-track Charleston from the main line system.

Many people, however, fear this may yet come to pass.

An Excursion Steamer Turned. WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The "Lady of the Lake," one of the oldest excursion steamers on the Potomac, burned to the water's edge early this morning at her wharf in this city. The vessel was built at Norfolk twenty years ago, and in its day was the finest boat on the river, but had run down of late years and last season was the property of the People's Transportation company, a negro excursion organization. Loss \$200,000.

JUDGE WALTER CLARK

USES AND ENDORSES THE Electro-pose. "Cures when all else fails." Investigation Invited. BOOK FREE. Electrobrillation Co., 245 FOURTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, N. Y.

POLK MONUMENT.

LET EVERY REFORMER CONTRIBUTE TO BUILD IT. Take Up Collections at Every Meeting. THE CAUCASIAN'S fund for the monument now stands as follows:

Total amount collected up to issue of Jan. 3rd, 1895 - \$782.31

S. J. Gardner, Barkeleyville, 25
W. P. Becker, Pennsylvania, 1.71
Hollingsworth, Alliance, No. 104, Nash 7.40
At Garden, on the coast, the people awake this morning to find the ground covered with snow four inches deep.

These Two. Men had a bet. What was it? We would tell you, but we don't want to go to the trouble of looking it up. It was a bet that he who had the picture under his arm would win. He had a picture of an object of envy and wonder. He was a well stored mind in a well stored body.

Whole Army of Facts. Where their "know-it-all" friend had only an "awful squall." They secured it and then that innocent-looking chap you see in the picture got into the picture in history with the man with the mind.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO. SPECIALISTS. (Regular Graduates.) Are the leading and most successful specialists and will give you help.

THE OBSERVER. CHARLOTTE, N. C. PHOSPHATIC LIME! Manufactured from the bones of Animals and Perforated Facies of Antelopes.

A Cheap and Lasting Manure. Found at last, contains all the Elements of Plant Food; sustains the crop throughout the season.

"NO HUMBUG." I have no "private receipt" that cured me to give you. I have got a cure for Lost Manhood, but I don't want to give it to you.

What is Castoria. Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance.

DUKE CIGARETTES. DUKE CIGARETTES. DUKE CIGARETTES. DUKE CIGARETTES. DUKE CIGARETTES.

High Grade Tobacco. ABSOLUTELY PURE. Judge John Handley Dead. SCRANTON, Pa., Feb. 15.—Judge John Handley, late presiding judge of the twenty-fifth Pennsylvania district, died at age 63.

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STEEL F RANGES.

These Ranges are the most complete, convenient and durable apparatus that has ever been invented. It is manufactured out of malleable iron and cold rolled wrought steel, consequently it will stand heat and hard usage without the slightest danger of breakage.

Below are a few of the many testimonials of some of the best testifies of South Carolina, Florida and this State.

TESTIMONIALS. Goldsboro, N. C., Sept. 8, '94. We, the undersigned citizens, most cheerfully recommend our Home Comfort Steel Range, which are undoubtedly the most perfect ranges that have ever been sold here.

Waynes County. H. J. Vail, Jas. Pike, Michael T. Pike, Richard Beeton, Lorenza Menslaw, J. J. Ivey, L. H. Price, Jr., L. A. Mayo, J. L. Newman, Silas Pike, J. R. Hooks, J. W. Rouse, E. H. Hinds, Edmond Mitchell, W. H. Neal, Giles Kornegay, Dr. H. Williamson, D. McIntyre, H. M. Tatum, C. F. R. Kornegay.

LENOIR COUNTY. B. T. Sutton, Jesse K. Hines, Jesse Wood, P. F. Farrow, J. D. Quinn, Anthony Davis. GREEN COUNTY. J. W. Blount, O. F. Worrell, J. R. Moore, A. L. Darden.

State Sec'y Florida Alliance. G. B. COLLINS, State Lecturer Florida Alliance.

Pimples, Blisters and Old Sores. Catarrh, Malaria and Kidney Troubles. Are entirely removed by P.P.P. Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium.

Marvellous Cures in Blood Poison. Rheumatism and Scrofula. P.P.P. purifies the blood, builds up strength, weakens nerves, cures all diseases of the blood.

PHOSPHATIC LIME! Manufactured from the bones of Animals and Perforated Facies of Antelopes.

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